1. IDENTIFICATION

GHS Product Identifier
FULTON HOGAN PRECOAT CS

Company Name
Fulton Hogan Industries Pty Ltd (ABN 54 000 630 689)

Address
25 Groves Avenue McGrath's Hill
NSW 2756 Australia

Telephone/Fax Number
Tel: (02)45875 111

Emergency phone number
1800 638 556 (24hr)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Pre-coating quarry aggregates for road sealing.

Other Names

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AGGREGATE PRECOAT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of the substance/mixture
Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia
Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)
Flammable Liquids: Category 4
Carcinogenicity: Category 2

Signal Word(s)
WARNING

Hazard Statement(s)
H227 Combustible liquid.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Pictogram(s)
Health hazard
Precautionary statement – Prevention
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statement – Response
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog or water mist for extinction.

Precautionary statement – Storage
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary statement – Disposal
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>Proportion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bitumen</td>
<td>8052-42-4</td>
<td>&lt;40 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fuels, Diesel</td>
<td>68334-30-5</td>
<td>&gt;55 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Adhesion agent</td>
<td></td>
<td>&lt;5 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation
If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

Ingestion
Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek medical attention.

Skin
Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

Eye contact
If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out completely. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities
Eyewash and normal washroom facilities.

Advice to Doctor
Treat symptomatically.

Other Information
For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126) or a doctor at once.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media
Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog or water mist.
Hazards from Combustion Products
Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes and gases including hydrocarbons, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical
Combustible. This product will burn if exposed to fire.

Decomposition Temperature
Not available

Precautions in connection with Fire
Fire fighters should wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing to prevent exposure to vapours or fumes. Water spray may be used to cool down heat-exposed containers. Fight fire from safe location. This product should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures
Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non-combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling
Avoid inhalation of vapours and mists, and skin or eye contact. Use only in a well ventilated area. Keep containers sealed when not in use. Prevent the build up of mists or vapours in the work atmosphere. Do not use near ignition sources. Do not pressurise, cut, heat or weld containers as they may contain hazardous residues. Maintain high standards of personal hygiene by washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition, oxidising agents, strong acids, foodstuffs, and clothing. Keep containers closed when not in use, securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Take precautions against static electricity discharges. Use proper grounding procedures. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limit values
No exposure standards have been established for this material, however, the TWA exposure standards for refined mineral oil mist is 5 mg/m³. As with all chemicals, exposure should be kept to the lowest possible levels.
TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day week.
Source: Safe Work Australia

Biological Limit Values
No biological limits allocated.

Appropriate Engineering Controls
This substance is hazardous and should be used with a local exhaust ventilation system, drawing vapours away from workers' breathing zone. A flame-proof exhaust ventilation system is required. If the engineering controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours/mists below the exposure standards, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning ventilation requirements.
Refer to AS 1940 (2017) - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids and AS/NZS 60079.10.1(2009) Explosive atmospheres - Classification of areas - Explosive gas atmospheres, for further information concerning ventilation requirements.

Respiratory Protection
If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist
filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715 (2009), Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716 (2012), Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

**Eye Protection**
Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 2 & 6 (2012) - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

**Hand Protection**
Wear gloves of impervious material. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1 (2016): Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

**Footwear**
Wear safety footwear. Final choice will vary according to individual circumstances.

**Body Protection**
Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Mobile liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Dark</td>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Hydrocarbon odour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>Melting Point</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point</td>
<td>&lt;= 230°C</td>
<td>Solubility in Water</td>
<td>Insoluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity</td>
<td>0.9 - 1.0</td>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>Vapour Density (Air=1)</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>&gt;62°C (Closed Cup)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability</td>
<td>Combustible liquid</td>
<td>Auto-Ignition Temperature</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable Limits - Lower</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>Flammable Limits - Upper</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical Stability**
Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

**Conditions to Avoid**
Heat, open flames and other sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**
Strong oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products**
Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes including hydrocarbons, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**
Reacts with incompatible materials.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicology Information
No toxicity data available for this material.

Ingestion
Ingestion of this product may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting.

Inhalation
Inhalation of product vapours may cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory system.

Skin
May be irritating to skin. The symptoms may include redness, itching and swelling.

Eye
May be irritating to eyes. The symptoms may include redness, itching and tearing.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin Sensitisation
Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity
Suspected of causing cancer. Classified as a suspected human carcinogen.

Diesel fuels, distillate (light) is listed as a Group 3: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Bitumens, occupational exposure to straight-run bitumens and their emissions during road paving are listed as Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Reproductive Toxicity
Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

STOT-single exposure
Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration Hazard
Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

Other Information
Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting leading to drying and cracking of skin and dermatitis. Prolonged inhalation may cause central nervous system depression with symptoms including dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and headaches. Chronic exposure may have adverse effects on the central nervous system, liver and kidneys.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity
No ecological data available for this material.

Persistence and degradability
Not available

Mobility
Not available

Bioaccumulative Potential
Not available
Environmental Protection
Prevent this material entering waterways, drains and sewers.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal considerations
The disposal of the spilled or waste material must be done in accordance with applicable local and national regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Information
Road and Rail Transport (ADG Code):

Marine Transport (IMO/IMDG):
Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):
Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

U.N. Number
None Allocated

UN proper shipping name
None Allocated

Transport hazard class(es)
None Allocated

NOM UNNo.
None Allocated

NOM Proper Shipping Name
None Allocated

NOM Class
None Allocated

IMDG Marine pollutant
No

Transport in Bulk
Not available

Special Precautions for User
Not available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory information
Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
Classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Poisons Schedule
S5
16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of preparation or last revision of SDS
SDS Reviewed: December 2017
Supersedes: February 2013

References
Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.
Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.
Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants.
Adopted biological exposure determinants, American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).
Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals.